Precalculus Lesson 10.2: The Parabola Mrs. Snow, Instructor

I will be able to graph a parabola with the vertex at the origin and solve real world examples involving parabolas

We will: Analyze parabolas with a vertex at the origin and solve application problems involving parabolas



Conic sections are curves that result from the intersection of a cone and a plane. We will be looking at all four curves: circle, parabola, ellipse and the hyperbola.



Parabola: A collection, or locus, of all points P in the plane that are the same distance from a fixed point as they are from a fixed line. The point F is the **focus** and the line is its **directrix**.



Equations of a Parabola, Vertex at (0, 0) and the Focus is on an Axis					
	vertex	focus	directrix	equation	description
F	(0,0)	(a, 0)	x = -a	$y^2 = 4ax$	opens on the positive x-axis
	(0,0)	(-a, 0)	x = a	$y^2 = -4ax$	opens on the negative x-
					axis
•	(0,0)	(0, a)	y = -a	$x^2 = 4ay$	opens on the positive y-axis
	(0,0)	(0, − <i>a</i>)	y = a	$x^2 = -4ay$	opens on the negative y-
					axis
	D: $x = -a$ y v v F: (a) $y^2 = 4ax$	F = (-	$D: x = a$ $a, 0) V$ x y y y y y $y^{2} = -4ax$	(c) $x^2 = 4ay$	a) y = a y = a

A parabola will open onto the positive or negative x- or y-axes:

Analyze the Equation of a Parabola





A satellite dish is shaped like a paraboloid of revolution. The signals that emanate from a satellite strike the surface of the dish and are reflected to a single point, where the receiver is located. If the dish is 8 feet across at its opening and 3 feet deep at its center, at what position should the receiver be placed? That is, where is the focus?



(a)