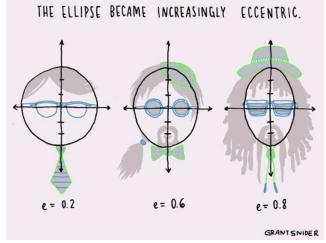
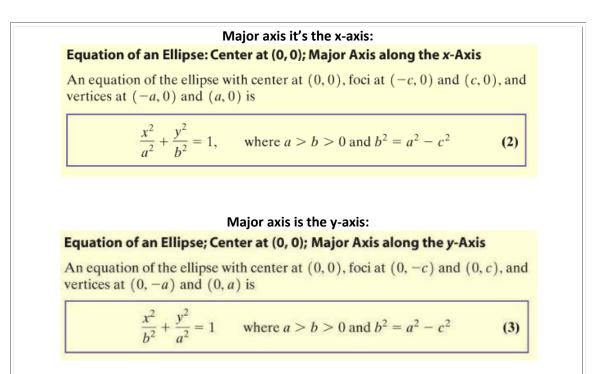
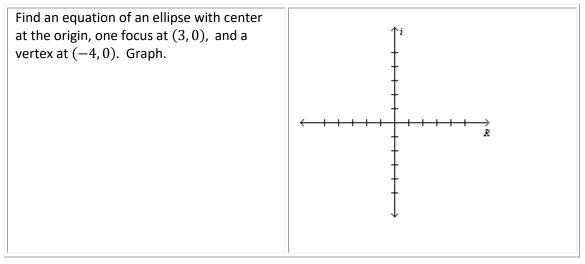
Precalculus Lesson 10.3: The Ellipse Mrs. Snow, Instructor



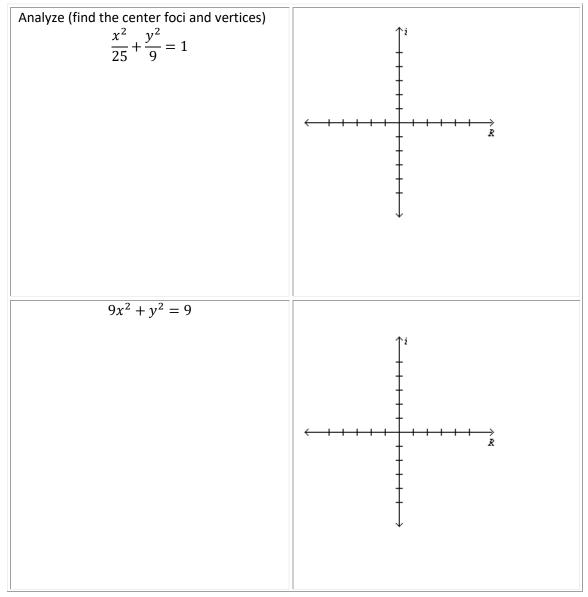
Ellipse: the collection, or locus, of all points in the plane, the sum of whose distances from two fixed points, called the foci, is constant.

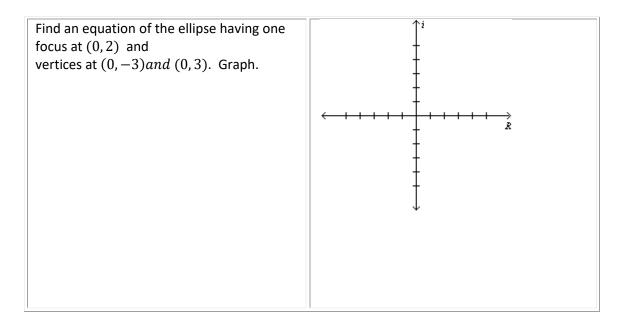


Finding an equation of an Ellipse



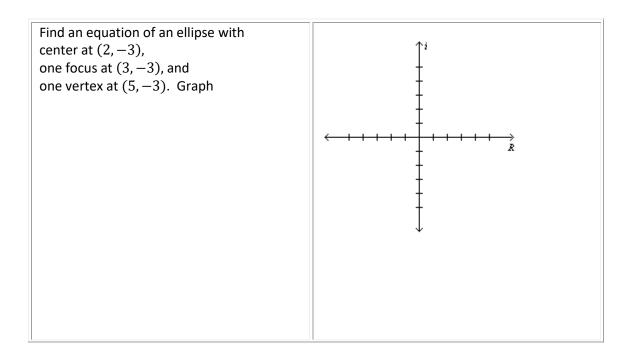
Analyze the Equation of an Ellipse

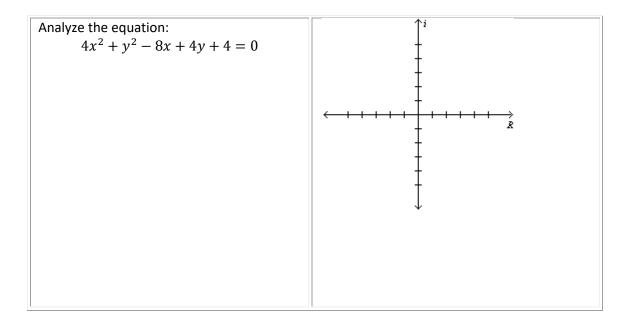




Ellipses with centers at (h, k)

Equations of an Ellipse: Center at (h, k); Major Axis Parallel to a Coordinate Axis				
Center	Major Axis	Foci	Vertices	Equation
(h, k)	Parallel to the <i>x</i> -axis	(h + c, k)	(h + a, k)	$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1,$
		(h - c, k)	(h - a, k)	$a > b > 0$ and $b^2 = a^2 - c^2$
(h, k)	Parallel to the y-axis	(h, k + c)	(h, k + a)	$\frac{(x-h)^2}{b^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{a^2} = 1,$
		(h, k - c)	(h, k - a)	b^2 a^2 $a > b > 0$ and $b^2 = a^2 - c^2$





The whispering gallery in the Museum of Science and Industry in Chicago is 47.3 feet long. The distance from the center of the room to the foci is 20.3 feet. Find an equation that describes the shape of the room. How high is the room at its center?