## Precalculus

Lesson 1.5: Circles

## Mrs. Snow, Instructor

## Standard Form of an Equation of a Circle

$$
(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2}
$$

center located at $(h, k)$
radius of $r$
Write the standard form of the equation of the circle, radius 5 and a center $(-3,6)$. Then graph.


Graph an equation of a circle in general form:


Find the general equation of a circle with the given center of $(1,-2)$ whose graph contains the point $(4,-2)$

