## Absolute Value Functions

Given the parent function f(x) = |x|, write a new equation for the following transformations. Then find the domain and range.

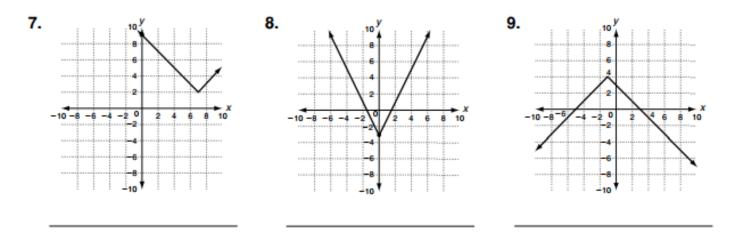
 1. Left 2
 2. Vertex at (0, 5)
 3. Right 4, Up 5

4. Vertex at (-1, 9)

5. Right 2, Down 12

6. Vertex at (-15, -8)

Write an absolute value equation for each graph.



Given the function f(x) = |x + 3|, write a new equation for the following transformations of that function. Then find the new function's domain and range.

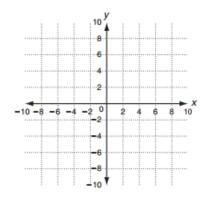
10. Down 7

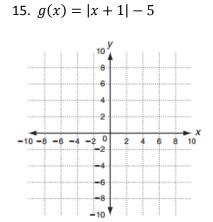
11. Up 5, Right 8

12. Down 7, Right 3

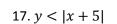
Find the vertex of each function. Then graph the functions (be careful – on #16 and 17, they are inequalities!).

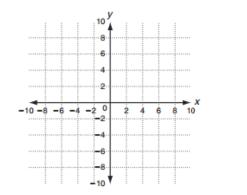
## 14. y = |x - 4| + 1

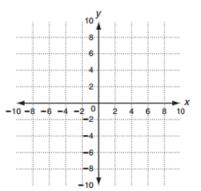




16.  $h(x) \ge -|x| + 5$ 







Find the domain and range of each of the following absolute value functions, in both SET and INTERVAL notation.

18. f(x) = |x - 2| + 4

	Domain	Range
Set Notation		
Interval Notation		

19. g(x) = |x - 12| - 4

	Domain	Range
Set Notation		
Interval Notation		

20. y = -|x + 12|

	Domain	Range
Set Notation		
Interval Notation		